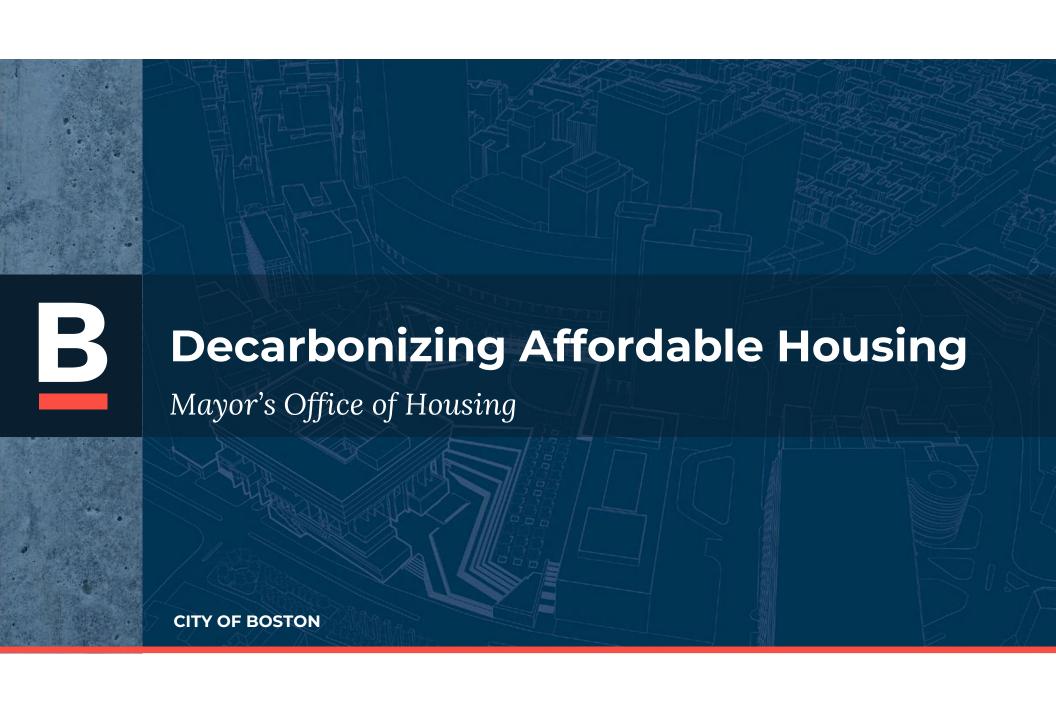
BUILDINGENERGY BOSTON

Building Momentum: Lessons from the Field of Decarbonization Retrofits in Boston

Kristen Simmons, City of Boston Mayor's Office of Housing
Caitlin Robillard, Allston Brighton Community Development Corporation
Joel Wool, Boston Housing Authority
Christina McPike, Winn Companies
Moderator: Brooks Winner, City of Boston

Curated by Lauren Baumann

Northeast Sustainable Energy Association (NESEA) | March 20, 2025



Mayor's Office of Housing: Decarbonizing Affordable Housing

Some responsibilities:

- Housing the homeless
- Developing and preserving affordable housing
- And helping Boston residents buy, improve, and keep their homes

Decarbonization initiatives:

- 2020: Zero Emissions Buildings Guidebook
- 2023: Energy Retrofit Pilot Programs (ARPA funded)
 - Carbon and energy savings
 - Healthier housing
 - Developing replicable and scalable decarbonization models



MOH's Energy Retrofit Pilot Programs

Comprehensive Energy Assessment Grants

- Up to \$10,000/grant
- +15 units, income-restricted
- Awarded 80 buildings, + 2,200 units

Energy Retrofit Funding

- Up to \$50,000/unit
- +15 units, income-restricted
- 50% energy reduction
- Awarded 43 buildings, +300 units

Healthy & Green Retrofit Pilot

- Up to \$50,000/unit
- 2-3 unit NOAH
- Tenant protections
- Awarded 31 homeowners, +72 units



Assessment and Planning Phase Trends

Status:

• 19 completed energy assessments

Observations:

- Varied decarbonization plan formats
- No "One-Size-Fits-All": Decarbonization strategies vary based on building specifics and priorities.
- Project phasing: single large phase (40-50% energy/carbon reduction), or multiple incremental upgrades, over 10-15 years.
- "Perfect is the enemy of good": Flexibility is key to taking action.

It's challenging for building owners to translate decarbonization reports into tangible projects.



Design and Development Trends: From Plans to Action

Status:

• 4 retrofit projects in design

Observations

- Single large phase projects often require complex and competitive financing
- More buildings will decarbonize overtime, in multiple, incremental phases
- Project teams typically include an architect and/or MEP, and a GC for pre-construction services
 - Tenant relocation planning
- Many new and different technologies are being explored
- Utility cost considerations



Construction Trends

Status

- 2 projects in construction
- 2 projects expected to start construction in 6 months

Observations:

- Unique considerations for occupied buildings:
 - Tenant management
 - Tenant protections
- Impacts of construction sequencing
- Tenant education, including operational guidance
- Community engagement



Key Lessons Learned and Next Steps

Key Lessons Learned

- Building owners need clearer, simpler guides on how to decarbonize their buildings.
- Owner vision and timelines are crucial, but funding determines what happens.
- Funders of affordable housing want to make sure tenants aren't burdened with higher utility bills.
- Building owners and residents need easier-to-understand instructions on how to run and maintain new systems.

Next Steps

- Conduct in-depth analysis of project outcomes and best practices.
- Create specific decarbonization plans for different types of buildings.



Retrofitting & Rebuilding Public Housing

NESEA March 20, 2025



BHA's Building Stock

















Four(+) Primary Archetypes





30% of total area 25% of total emissions



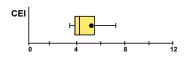
10% of total area 17% of total emissions

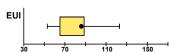


<1% of total area 1% of total emissions

WALK-UP

Typical Floors	3
Typical	Systems
Space Heat	Gas Boiler
DHW	Gas Boiler
Cooling	Tenant A/C
Cooking	Gas Stove

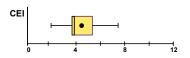


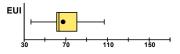


EUI in kBtu/sf/yr **CEI** in kgCo₂e/yr

HIGH-RISE

Typical Floors	6-20
Typical	Systems
Space Heat	Gas Boiler
DHW	Gas Boiler
Cooling	Tenant A/C
Cooking	Gas Stove

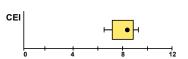


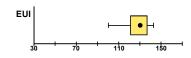


EUI in kBtu/sf/yr **CEI** in kgCo₂e/yr

GARDEN STYLE

Typical Floors	2
Typical	Systems
Space Heat	Gas Boiler
DHW	Gas Boiler
Cooling	Tenant A/C
Cooking	Gas Stove

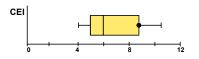


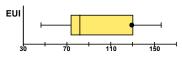


EUI in kBtu/sf/yr **CEI** in kgCo₂e/yr

OFFICE

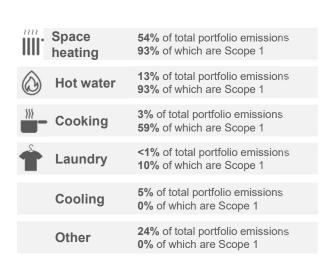
Typical Floors	1
Typica	l Systems
Space Heat	Gas Boiler
DHW	Gas Boiler
Cooling	Window Unit
Cooking	NA

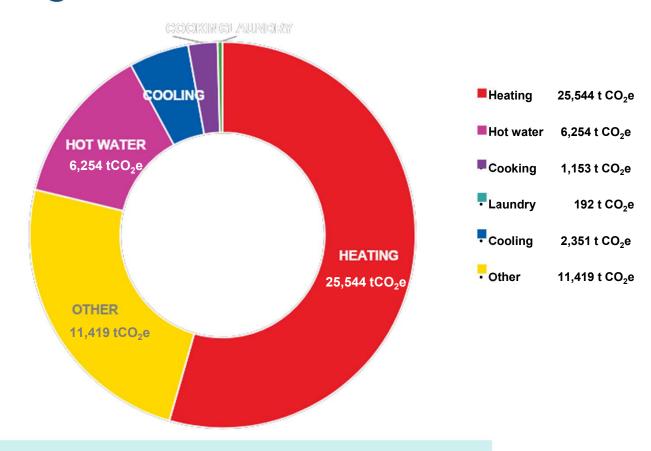




EUI in kBtu/sf/yr **CEI** in kgCo₂e/yr

Emissions By End Use





Over half of all portfolio emissions are associated with providing space heating.

Capital Projects: Public Housing

Site	Type of Site	Type of Project	Status
Msgr Powers	Elderly	Deep Energy Retrofit	Complete
Hailey Modernization	Family	Deep Energy Retrofit	Under Construction
Multiple Sites	Family/Elderly	Window Replacement (925 units)	Under Construction
Pond Street	Elderly	Deep Energy Retrofit	In Design
Franklin Field	Family	Networked Geothermal	In Design
Ashmont	Elderly	Heat Pumps	In Design
St. Botolph	Elderly	Comprehensive Modernization	In Progress
Doris Bunte	Elderly	Comprehensive Modernization	In Design
Ausonia	Elderly	Comprehensive Modernization	In Design
Patricia White	Elderly	Modernization + New Construction	In Design
General Warren	Elderly	Comprehensive Modernization	Designer Procurement
Portfolio wide	All	Electrification Study	Complete
Multiple Sites	All	Induction Stoves	Designer Procurement

MassSave + State Partnerships

Site	Type of Site	Type of Project	Status
Pond Street	Elderly	MassSave: Insulation	In review
Franklin Field (State)	Family	MassSave: Insulation and Thermostat	Approved
Ashmont	Elderly	DHW Pipe Insulation	Completed
Bellflower	Elderly	MassSave: Weatherization, Thermostat	Approved
Peabody	Elderly	MassSave: Weatherization, Thermostat	Approved
Alice Taylor	Family	MassSave: Insulation; Decarb Study	In review; Project Kickoff
General Warren	Elderly	MassSave: Insulation	In review
Maryland St Condos	Family	MassSave + MassCEC electrification	In design
Hassan	Elderly	Window Heat Pump	Pilot/Scoping
Heritage	Elderly	Decarbonization Study	Project Kickoff
Lower Mills	Elderly	Decarbonization Study	Project Kickoff
Ruth Barkley	Family	Decarbonization Study	Project Kickoff
Charlestown	Family	Decarbonization Study	Project Kickoff

A Sample of (Re)Development

Site	Type of Site	Type of Project	Status
Mary Ellen McCormack	Family	Public/Private Redevelopment	Ongoing
Charlestown	Family	Public/Private Redevelopment	Ongoing
Faneuil Gardens	Elderly	Public/Private Redevelopment	In Design
Eva White	Elderly	Public/Private Redevelopment	Just Closed!
290 North Beacon	Mixed Use	New Development / Music Rehearsal	Conceptual
1492 Tremont	DDS	Retrofit + New Construction	In Design
78 Torrey Street	DDS	Retrofit + New Construction	In Design

- Over next decades, BHA will work with private partners to redevelop thousands of units, BUT
- Some redevelopments are so long, buildings must be retrofit now, AND
- To address housing crisis, BHA is also seeking to **build** thousands of new units!



M.C. Hailey Deep Energy Retrofit

Comprehensive Modernization







M.C. Hailey Deep Energy Retrofit



Installing supports for new building facade





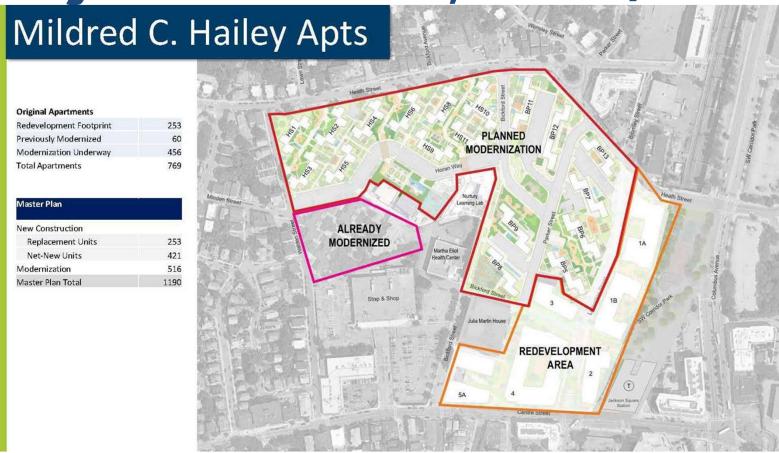






A home for every story

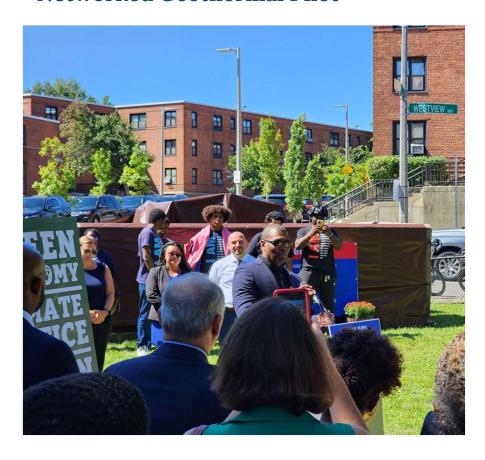
Side By Side: Retrofit, Demo/Rebuild





Franklin Field

Networked Geothermal Pilot



Boston Housing Authority, National Grid team up on geothermal project in Dorchester

The project could be a test case for other sites in Boston, and elsewhere in the state

By Jon Chesto Globe Staff, Updated January 25, 2024, 11:01 a.m.













Pond Street

- "Garden-style" elderly
- 5 Buildings, 44 units
- 32,330 GSF
- Existing heat + DHW: Gas
- Design evolution:
 - Gas replacement-> ASHP -> GSHP
- Project includes roof, windows, heat, hot water
- Solar PV to follow





A home for every story

You Never Know Until You Dig...





More water than anticipated!

Drill depth: 300' instead of 600'

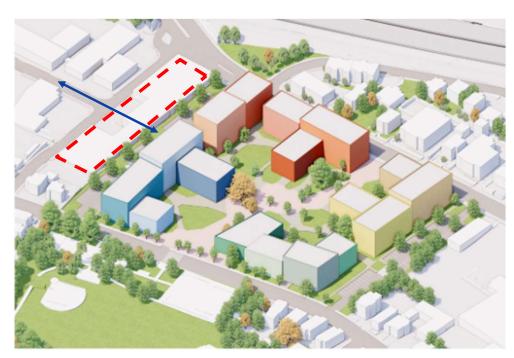
HP DHW likely to be separate split system, geothermal covering the space heating



Redevelopment: Faneuil Gardens



Existing Faneuil Gardens site



Future Planned Development



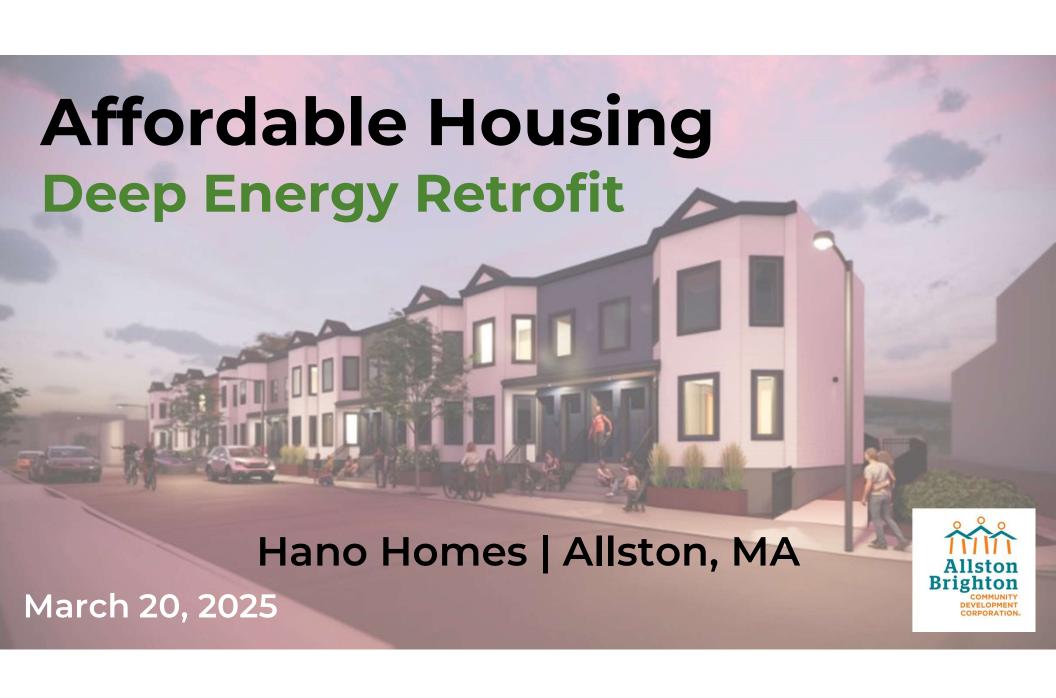
Thank you!

Joel Wool

Joel.Wool@bostonhousing.org

https://www.linkedin.com/in/joelwool/





Decarbonization Plan:

- **GOAL:** Fossil fuel free by 2040
- WHY:
 - Climate crisis
 - Resident health & comfort
 - Time to refinance and renovate
 - Normalize DERs
- HOW:
 - Data, e.g. ASHRAE
 - Strong partners
 - Green funding, e.g. Climate Ready Housing
 - Building technology advancements
 - Public Policy and Regulations, e.g. BERDO





Introduction to Hano Homes:

Building Typology:

- 10 adjoining townhomes; built 1888
- Gas heat + gas DHW
- 20 units: 75% income-restricted



Unit Breakdown:

	30% AMI	50% AMI		Market Rate	TOTAL
2-BD	1	3	5	1	10
3-BD	1	3	2	4	10
TOTAL	2	6	7	5	20

Project Goals:

- Electrify; Passive House certification
- 2) Minimize disruption to tenants
- 3) Finance without LIHTC



Hano Homes DER Team:













Mayor's Office of Housing







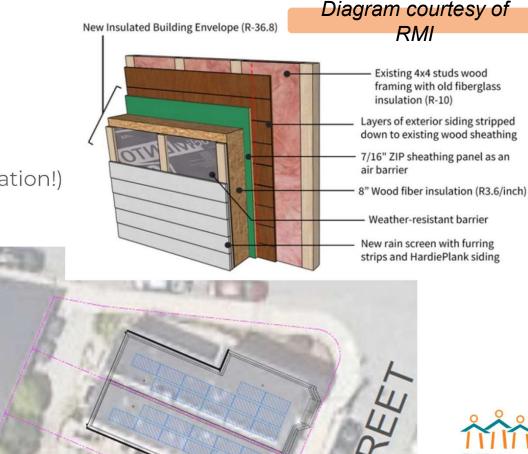




Goal #1: Electrify & PH

- → Super insulated envelope
 - (carbon storing wood fiber insulation!)
- → Heat pumps (HVAC + DHW)
- → Fresh air ventilation
- → Rooftop solar PV panels





Solar Design by Resonant Energy

Goal #2: Minimize Disruption to Tenants

- 10-month occupied rehab
- 2-week turn-around for interior work











Goal #3: Finance without LIHTC

Project Budget

	Acquisition
LICEC	Hard Costs
	Soft Costs
USES	Capitalized Reserves
	Developer Fee + Overhead
	TOTAL USES
	Permanent Loan
	Existing Reserves
	Miss Cusan Cusats
	Misc. Green Grants
	Solar Tax Credits
SOLIDOES	
SOURCES	Solar Tax Credits
SOURCES	Solar Tax Credits IRA Electrification Rebate*
SOURCES	Solar Tax Credits IRA Electrification Rebate* LEAN Utility Incentives
SOURCES	Solar Tax Credits IRA Electrification Rebate* LEAN Utility Incentives DOER Decarbonization Program
SOURCES	Solar Tax Credits IRA Electrification Rebate* LEAN Utility Incentives DOER Decarbonization Program City of Boston Funding

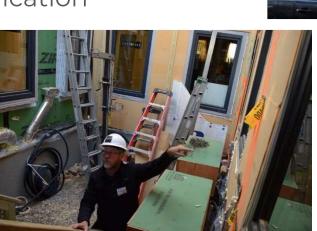
TOTAL	PER UNIT
4,934,222	246,711
1,578,514	78,926
331,458	16,573
840,000	42,000
7,684,194	384,210
2,750,000	137,500
131,458	6,573
412,000	20,600
151,000	7,550
400,000	20,000
326,000	16,300
800,000	40,000
	40,000 50,000
800,000	
800,000 1,000,000	50,000



Itility Costs	HANO HOMES *	
L	Pre-DER	Post-DER
Oil	-	
Gas	22,478	20
Electric	33,224	38,251
Water & Sewer	28,782	19,157
SUBTOTAL:	84,484	57,408
Rooftop Solar Savings:	-	(17,743
TOTAL Annual Utility Costs:	84,484	39,665

Lessons Learned

- Initial Decarbonization Audit
- Persistence
- Funding
- Storytelling
- Project Team
- Resident Communication















THANK YOU!



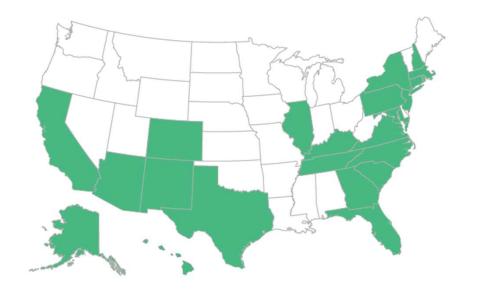
Building Momentum: Lessons from the Field of Decarbonization Retrofits in Boston

Christina McPike, Vice President of Energy & Sustainability



WinnCompanies by the Numbers

- WinnCompanies is a long term-owner stakeholder, which has owned many properties for 30+ years.
- Employs more than 3,500 hard-working and capable team members, including 318 veterans of the United States Military, with more than 60% of employees identifying as minorities.
- Manages 121 Million square feet, including housing, condos, commercial, retail, parking facilities;
- Provides homes to 330,000 residents;
- Has transformed 36 historic properties into more than 3,600 units of mixed-income housing in mixed-use communities.





Eva White Apartments



Existing Conditions





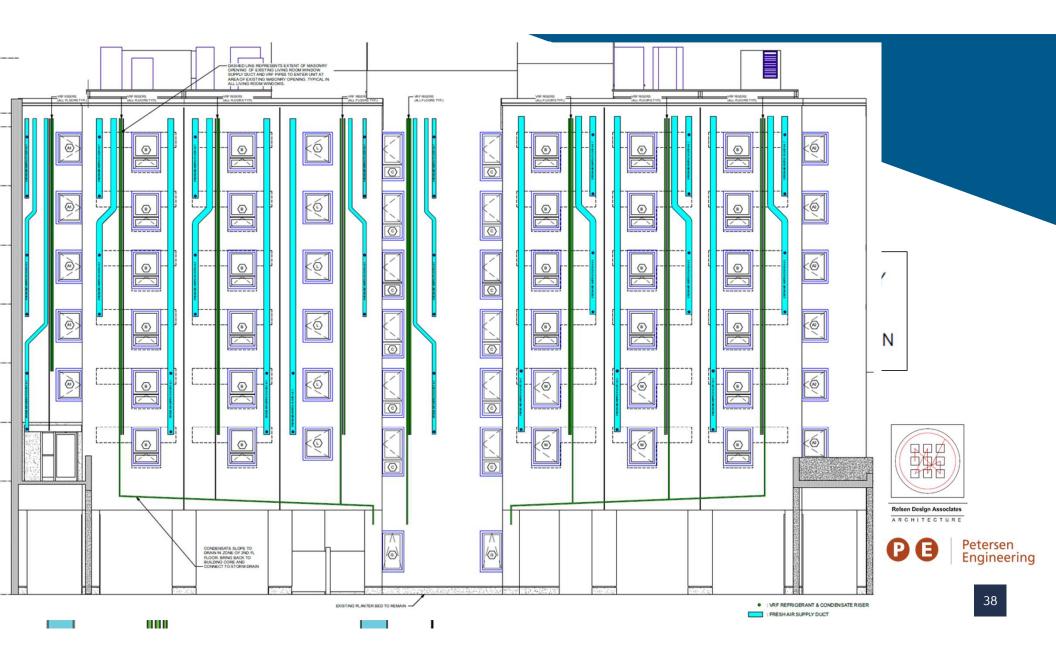


Eva White Apartments DER Scope

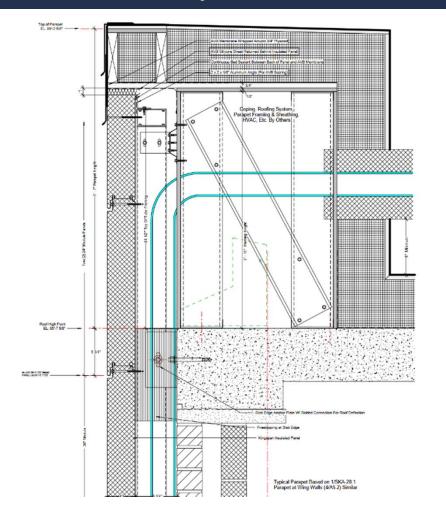
- Occupied with daily IAQ testing
 - Residents use "day-space units"
 - Targeting 3 units/day
- Kitchen & Bathroom Reno
- Continuous Insulation: 4" Kingspan Quadcore Panels, R-32
- R-40 Roof Insulation
- Peerless G-500 Casement, U-0.26
- HVAC Overhaul with Electrification
- 68% Modeled Energy Savings

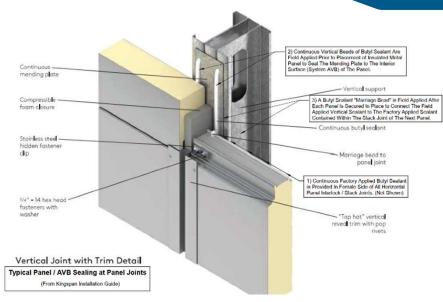




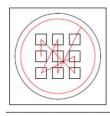


Façade System





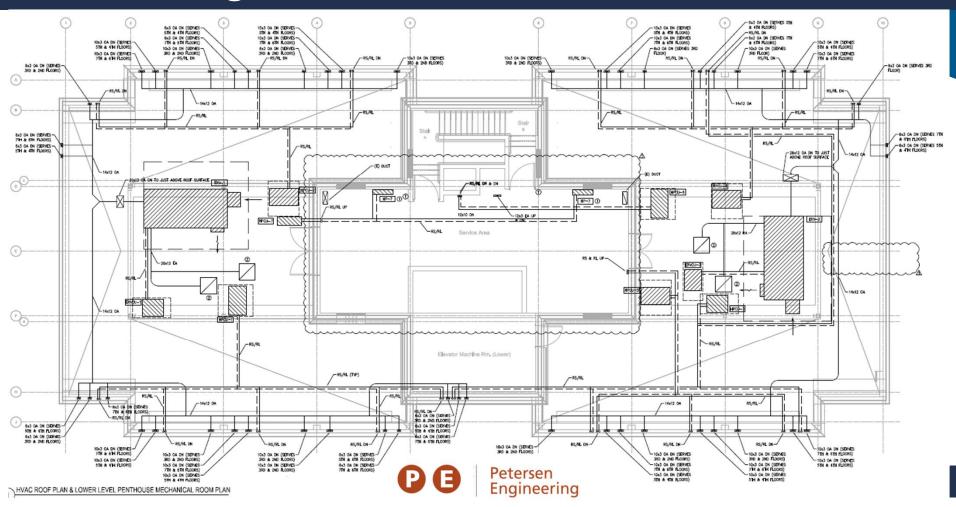




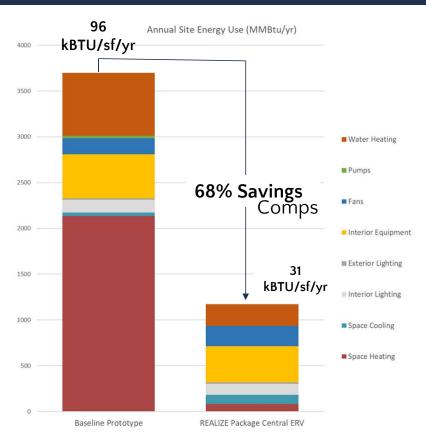
Relsen Design Associates

ARCHITECTURE

HVAC Design



Energy Modeling



Utility Costs	Existing	Proposed (1)	Proposed (2)	% Saving s
Gas	\$86,900	\$4,560	\$8,800	90%- 95%
Electricity	\$125,000	\$130,000	\$154,400	(4%- 24%)
Total	\$211,900	\$134,560	\$163,200	23-36%





Eva White Financing

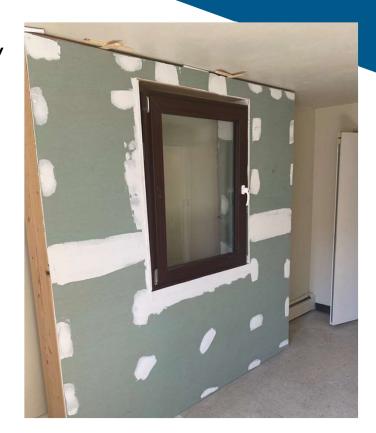
Summary of Sources			
-	Construction	Permanent	
Source of Funds	Amount	Amount	
Federal LIHTC Syndication Proceeds	10,035,697	25,089,243	
Construction Loan	33,500,000		
1st Mortgage	-	18,850,000	
Deferred Developer Fee & Overhead	3,900,000	1,294,656	
MHFA CMF	-	600,000	
AHT	2,275,000	2,275,000	
HSF	2,272,500	2,525,000	
NFIT	900,000	1,000,000	
Seller Note	5,333,049	5,333,049	
CSTO Loan	2,500,000	2,500,000	
Mass Save	360,000	1,560,000	
FHLB AHP	650,000	650,000	
NOI During Construction	318,132	318,132	
TOTAL SOURCES	\$62,044,378	\$61,995,080	

Summary of Uses (for reference only)		
Source of Funds	Total	\$/Unit
Acquisition	\$ 6,000,000	58,824
Design	1,891,965	18,549
Construction (including Contingency)	40,119,145	393,325
Total Developer Fee & Overhead	3,900,000	38,235
Other Soft Costs (including Contingency)	10,083,969	98,862
TOTAL USES	\$ 61,995,080	\$ 607,795



Lessons Learned & Anticipated

- Contractor feedback and product familiarity is valuable (but needs to change)
- Window Limiters & Egress
- Taller panels = fewer horizontal breaks
- Ductwork connecting 2 floors
- Cavity detailing & connectivity
- BIM Coordination
- Peer Reviews
- Modeled energy savings vs. Actual energy savings vs. Utility cost savings





Phillips Brooks Apartments





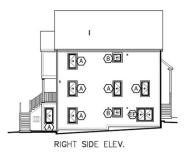




Phillips Brooks DER Scope

- DER at 27 units in nine triplex buildings (Moderate Reno at historic school)
- 3" continuous insulation, R-12.6
- Intus Triple Pane Windows, U-0.19
- New AVB (Blueskin)
- R-40 roof insulation (6" CCSF at Roofs)
- Full Electrification
 - ASHPs Daikin
 - AWHPs Sanco
 - ERVs Zehnder ComfoAir
- 57% Modeled Energy Savings











Phillips Brooks School

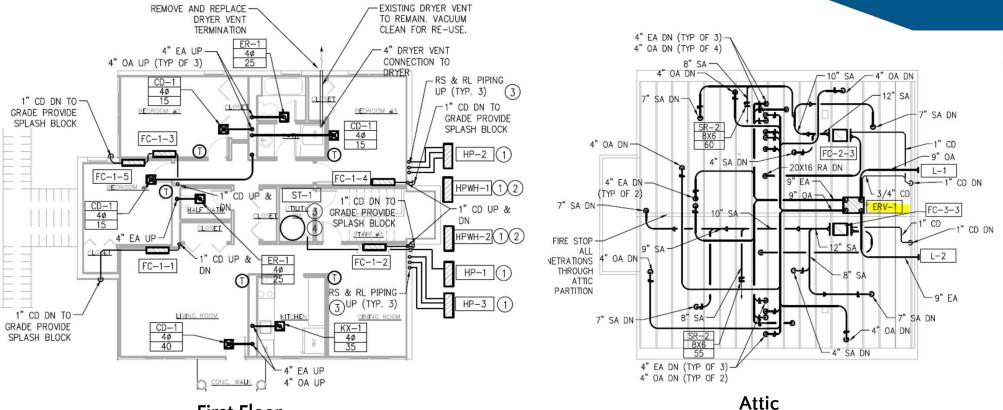








Phillips Brooks School











Petersen Engineering

Phillips Brooks Financing

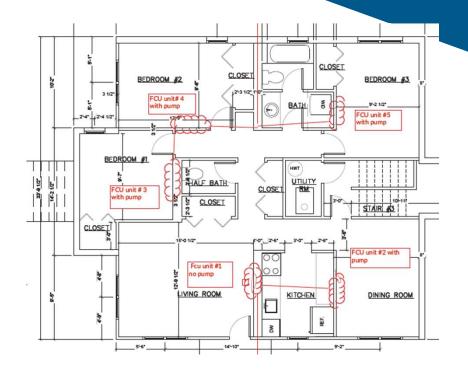
Sources	
Consolidated MassHousing First	\$ 5,532,720
NEW Capital Needs Loan	\$ 11,308,434
SHARP	\$ 2,423,483
CEDAC	\$ 533,147
City of Boston	\$ 1,246,000
City of Boston	\$ 182,000
NEW City of Boston ARPA	\$ 1,350,000
NEW MassSave Grant	\$ 567,022
NEW Climate Ready Housing	\$ 1,350,000
Existing Replacement Reserves (adj. 6/5 balance)	\$ 391,004
Total Sources	\$ 24,883,810

<u>Uses</u>		
Resubordinated Debt		
Consolidated MassHousing First	\$	5,532,720
SHARP		2,423,483
CEDAC		533,147
City of Boston		1,246,000
City of Boston	\$	182,000
Subtotal Resubordinated Debt	\$	9,917,350
KCI Construction Costs	\$	11,754,760
Other Construction Costs		531,135
Construction Contingency		587,738
Initial Deposit to Replacement Reserves		1,150,000
Other Transaction Costs	\$	942,827
Subtotal	\$	14,966,460
Total Uses	\$	24,883,810



Phillips Brooks School: Lessons Learned

- Line set locations in plan vs. field
- Utility Company Coordination
- Early Release long lead time items impact sequencing
- Space Conflicts garbage vs. heat pump
- Site Security
- Condensate Pumps & Maintenance
- System Changeover
- Utility Allowance Updates





Mission Main Apartments DER Pilot

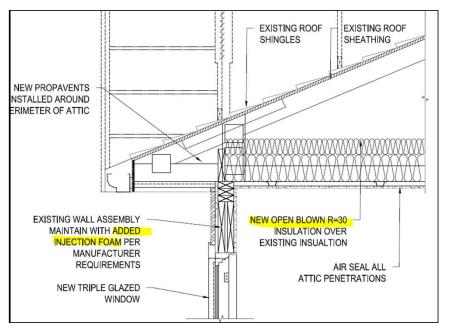
- \$60m rehab at 535 units
 - Grants + Project Savings → DER Buildings "Change Order" project
 - Building 10 & 22: 17 units (12 are < 60% AMI)
- Tenants in place
- Building envelope strategies
 - Bldg. 10: 3" polyiso c.i.
 - Bldg. 22: Injection foam
 - Amberline uPVC triple pane windows
- + ASHPs + Ventilation upgrades
- New, upsized electrical service meters, secondaries, load centers
- No change to DHW
- Future Solar PV (not current scope)



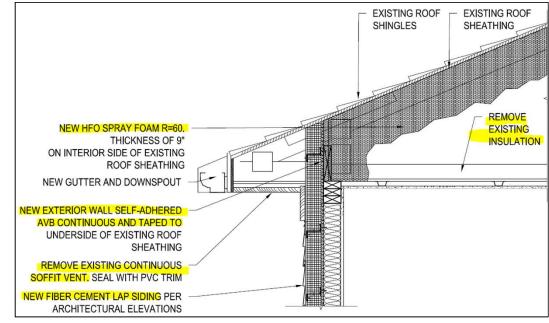


Mission Main DER

Building 10:



Building 22:







Mission Main Apartments

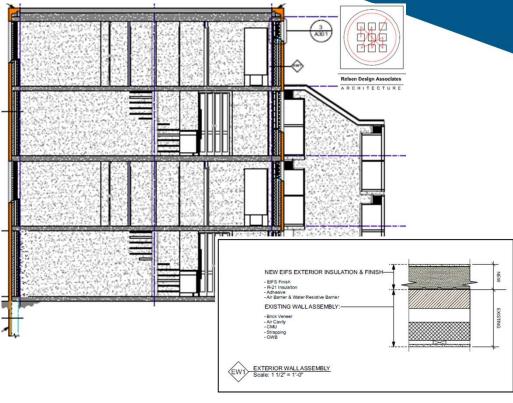
- Building 10: \$1,752,947
- Building 22: \$1,172,970
- Total Construction Cost: \$2,925,917
- Challenging to approach as a change order with existing subcontractors
- Injection foam and simplified ventilation reduces costs (~ \$600k)
- 45% site energy use savings = ~ 1.5 kgCO2e/sf/yr

PERMANENT FINANCING	Total
Permanent Loan (Lender)	\$5,850,000
Developer Equity	\$1,485,000
Deferred Developer Fee	\$150,000
MOH - ARPA DER Grant	\$600,000
Net Operating Income	\$250,000
Reserves	\$149,605
LEAN DER Incentives	\$228,443
DOER - Retrofit Fund	\$680,000
Total Permanent Financing	\$9,393,048



Next Up (in Boston): Castle Square Low-Rise Pilot







Scaling Deep Energy Retrofits

- How can we deep energy retrofits or 'zero over time' retrofits the new norm?
 - They cost more...They're much harder to do...Energy <u>cost</u> savings are not enough...
- Strategy & Solutions
 - Capacity Building
 - Leverage Capital Needs especially with ZOT approach
 - Leverage "other" financing LIHTC, RAD, Refinancing
 - Try to Simplify modeling, design, construction, legal
 - "Sticks" will continue being essential driver to decarb:
 - Energy Codes
 - Carbon emissions mandates/Building Performance Standards
 - "Carrots" are just as important
 - Robust incentive & grant programs such as MOH, DOER, and MHP/MHFA/LISC's deliver demonstration projects



Thank you

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Vice President of Energy & Sustainability
cmcpike@winnco.com | 617-640-9879